Business Notices.

WHO WERE THE RIOTERS! - A great many amashed hate and hate with bricks in them were picked to about the polls on Tuesday last. Among all there there was not one with the name of Knox on the inside. This proves not one with the name of Knox on the inside. This proves nonethelively—what we have ever maintained to be a fact—that conclusively—that conclusively—that conclusively—that conclusively—that conclusively—that conclusively—that conclusively—that conclusiv

"CHAPEAUX DE LAINE, In addition to our large and desirable supply of Gentlemen's and Hats of Parisian manufacture, we ofter the Chapsaux de Laina, received per Asia, which we this day piace on sale. The nevelty of this Hat and its low cost may extract the notice of novelty of this Hat and its low cost may extract the notice of novelty of this Hat and its low cost may extract the notice of novelty of this Hat and its low cost may extract the notice of novelty of the Asia of the Cost in the

A SAFE SAFE!

AROTHER TRIUMFH FOR HERRING—In the destruction by fire (on the morning of the 8th inct.) of the large five-story store No. 37 Marray st., occupied by Messra, Van Wagenen, Yeoman & Co. Importers, their books, pepers, deeds, bonds and mortgases, politicles of insurance, and bank bills, of great value, were preserved in an iron Safe made many years since which time a better fire-proof article has Proof Safe in use—since which time a better fire-proof article has been discovered by a chemist of Philadeiphia, and the exclusive right purchased by the subscribers, now known as Herringh Partay Chaspion Safe—warranted to resist more heat than any Safe now in use, and guaranteed free from dampness or mildew, an objection to the above mentioned Safe, and most other so-called fire-proof.

We say this is a triumph, as at the time it was made we had then to the public until we purchased the right to use a better article, when we voluntarily resassined the old patient to the patientee in eighteen hundred and fifty-four (1854).

The largest assortment, and best Fire-Free Safes in the world, warranted free from dampness, on hand and for sale at world, warranted free from dampness, on hand and for sale at Nos. 185, 187 and 139 Waterest, corner of Pine, principal depot, and at the branch depot, No. 5 Murray-st., one door from Broad, and at the branch depot, No. 5 Murray-st., one door from Broad, and at the branch depot, No. 5 Murray-st., one door from Broad, and at the branch depot, No. 5 Murray-st., one door from Broad, and at the branch depot, No. 5 Murray-st., one door from Broad and at the branch depot, No. 5 Murray-st., one door from Broad and at the branch depot, No. 5 Murray-st., one door from Broad and at the branch depot, No. 5 Murray-st., one door from Broad and at the branch depot, No. 5 Murray-st., one door from Broad and at the Branch depot, No. 5 Murray-st., one door from Broad and at the Branch depot, No. 5 Murray-st., one door from Broad and reduced prices. A SAPE SAPE!

GREAT FIRE IN MURRAY STREET.

Books, Papers, Moneys, &c., of

Messis, VAS WAGENEN, YEOMAN & Co.

Savid in one of

Wilder's Papers, &c., of the above firm were found t
perfectly leadile after passing through the great fire on the m
ing of the 5th inst. in one of

Wilder's Patent Salamander Safes,
No. 10,980.

A sample cake of the WILDER PATENT FILLING taken from this Safe can be seen at our store.

A full assortment of this celebrated FIRE-PROOF SAFE, the best in the World, warranted free from dampness, secured with WILDER'S PATENT POWDER-PROOF LOCK, for sale at the

Warehouse.
No. 122 Water-st., near Wall, New-York.
Notice.—Silas C. Herring no longer makes or sells this celebrated Fire-proof Safe, his license having expired.
B. G. Williem & Co., Patentees and Manufacturers.

From The N. Y. Daily Times. NEW-YORK, Nov. 11, 1256. To the Editor of The N. Y. Daily Times. SIR: In the fire at No. 39 Warren-st., on the

SIR: In the fire at No. 39 Warren-st., on the morning of the 9th inst., our most valuable books and papers were exposed for 56 hours in one of Sterras & Marky's Sire-proof Nafes. We say Fire-proof, not because they are so labeled, but because we have so proved them. Our books and papers came out uninjured, save the binding of the books occasioned by steam.

Our store was five stories above ground and two stories below, occupied from cellar to garret. The intensity of the heat can be attested by any fireman who witnessed it. No formace could be contrived by the ingenuity of man to create a more intense heat.

We voluntarily give this tribute to the value of these Safes, and select your widely-extendated journal to inform the mercantile community what estimate to place upon Stearns & Martin's Wilders's Patren's Salamander Safes.

Respectfully, Haviland, Harral & Risley,

A fell assortment of the above celebrated Safes at the depots No. 40 Murray-st. and No. 146 Water-st., by

Stearns & Marvin.

Deplance Salamander Safes.—Robert M.

DEPIANCE SALAMANDER SAFES .- ROBERT M PATRICK, sole manufacturer in the United States of the above celebrated SAFES, and Patent Powder-proof DEFIANCE LOCKS and CROSS BARS. Depot, No. 192 Pearlat, one door below Maideplane.

1856.

Our LATE STYLES of Fall and Winter GARMENTS are now ready and on sale.

As most of those are from fabrics imported by and confined to as, and in our best styles, an early call will secure many beautiful things that will be run off before the season is fairly begun. The stock of Chornis, Cassimeres and Vestings in our Custom-Room is admitted to be the largest and best-selected variety ever exposed in this city.

Nos. 258, 258 and 269 Broadway.

The public will find, at E. DEGROOT'S Warehouse, Granite Hall, No. 142 Fulton-st., a new and superior stock of ready-made Garments. These goods are offered at retail at the lowest prices. CLOTHING EMPORIUM.

DR. VALENTINE, the celebrated Delineator of Eccentric Character and Yankee Peculiarities, will commence a series of his Laugharle Drawiss-Room Entertainments at the Chinese Assembly Rooms, No. 559 Broadway, (late Buckley's Hail,) Monday, Nov. 17, and continue Every Evening during the week.

Admission, 25 cents: commencing at 8 o'clock. N. B.—Perham's Ghit Tickets will be received for admission.

Office for sale of Tickets open from 10 a. m. to 3 p. m., daily.

DR. TURNBULL,
OCULIST AND AURIST,
(From London,)
Is at the Everett House, Union-square, where he may be consided.

suited.

Office hours from 9 a.m. to 3 p.m.

From The London Times.

A number of scientific gentlemen assembled vesterday at the house of Dr. Turnbull, to witness the results produced by process recently discovered by the Doctor, and applied for the cure of

DEAFNESS AND BLINDNESS.
Between twenty and thirty patients attended, many othom; it was stated by their parents, had been born deaf and leach.

Detween two stated by their parents, had been born deaf and dumb.

They were submitted to various tests, by which it was prove that their deafness had been cured by the application of DB. TURNEULLY REMEDIES. Head the submitted depended on paralysis of the auditory nerve, rupture of the tympanum, or obstruction of the internal passages, relief has been obtained, or complete cure effected without delay, pain or transcriptions.

Inconvenience.

Several patients, who represented that they had been completely blind, said that they could now

SEE FERFECTLY WELL.

We agree with the Messrs. Chambers that Dr. TURNBULL has, by patience and ingenuity, obtained a grasp of certain new medicaments and methods, calculated to

CURE CASES OF DEAFNESS, such as were never cured before.

TO WHOLESALE

AND COUNTRY DRUGGISTS.

No. 304 Broadway, N. Y., invite the attention of close buyers to their immense stock of European and American

FATENT MEDICINES.

the most complete assortment in either hemisphere, at and below proprietors prices, by the dosen, package, or 190 gross.

BARNES & PARK, N. Y., Cincinnati and San Francisco.

From The Commercial Advertiser.

AMERICAN PAPER HANGINGS.—AWARD BY THE AMERICAN PAPER HANGINGS.—AWARD BY THE AMERICAN PAPER HANGINGS.—AWARD BY THE AMERICAN INSTITUTE.—We are always glad to notice the process of imprevenents in demestic manufactures, and especially when such improvements are effected in our own city. French have interto been deemed too skillful in the manufacture of ornamental Paper Hannings to be rivided by the workmen of any other nation; and in this country, the Philadelphia manufacturers have been thought to produce the finest Wall Papers, but we have at least one establishment in New-York which rivids the French and beats the Philadelphians. Specimens of the finest foreign and domestic Papers, Hangings may be seen and compared at the Store of Messrs. Tave & Co., No. 267 Broadway, and we venture to say, airler examining them earefully, that those manufactured by Messrs. Fave & Co. are quite equal to the French in beauty of design and accuracy of finish, and much superior to the best products of the Philadelphia factories that have come under our notice. Messrs. Fave & Co. Serses Papers are particularly admirable. The firm well deserve the honor of a Gold Medal, which has been awarded to them by the American Institute for the best specimens of American Paper Hangings exhibited at the last Annual Fair.

Thomas Fave & Co.

Importers and Manufacturers of Paper Hangings, No. 257 Broadway, New-York.

DAVIDO'S EXCELSION INDELIBLE INK WITHOUT PREFARATION.—This article has been very much improved since the 1st of August, and we now offer it to the trade with a guarantee of its

SUPERIORITY OVER ANY OTHER,

if used according to directions. For sale by all the principal Stationers in the United States.

THADDRUS DAVIDS & Cs., Manufacturing Stationers, N. Y.

RUPTURE, -Only Prize Medal awarded to MARSH & Co., by the Industrial Exhibition of all Nations at the Cryst Palace for their new PATENT RADICAL CUSE TRUSS. References as to its superiority. Professors VALENTISE MOTT, Mande Tarker and John M. CARNOCHAN. Open from 7 a. to 9 p. m. Marsh & Co., No. 2] Malden-lane, New York.

RICH CARPETING. - English Brussels, new pat RRH CARCETING.— Engelst terms, 71; Three-ply, 81; superfine Ingrain, 5; 6 to 6; Colleioth 8 yards wide, 3; the yard. Also 500 pieces ingrain Carpeting; from 2;6 to 3; per yard; English Druggets, 4 Yards wide, 4 Hyarty's Carpet Warerooms, No. 210 Bowery, opposite Riving-

SINGER'S SEWING MACHINES-SPEED AND PER-FECTION COMMINED.—We are now selling Sawing Machine for family seving, quilting and other light work, which complete six stitches at each turn of the driving-wheel. Also, improved machines, making five, four or three stitches at each revolution. It can be clearly demonstrated that no other kins of Sewing Machine now before the public, in comparison with these can be used without positive loss. en, can be used without positive loss, I. M. Sixgen & Co., No. 323 Broadway,

PIANOS AND MELODEONS .- The HORACE WA-TERS modern improved Plaxos and MELODENS are to be four only at No. 333 Broadway. Planes to Reut, and rent allowed purchase; for sale on monthly payments. Second-hand Plan from \$35 to \$150; Melodeous \$40 to \$136. TREES AND PLANTS,-PARSONS & Co., Plush

ing, N. Y., offer for sale a large assortment of Trees and Plants for the street, the laws, the orchard, the garden and the green-

To Housekeepers .- We offer the largest as TO HOUSENEEPERS.—We out the largest as found in hew-York.

In order to reduce our stock so as to make room for very large importations now on the way, we propose to sell for the peat thirty days at a large discount upon the regular marks

A comparison of our styles and prices is respectfully adjected.

W. J. F. Danney & Co., Marble Stores,
Nos CH and 633 Brandway, bet Bioveker and Houstone's. PIANOS AT GREAT BARGAINS .- A large assort-

ment of New and Second-Hand Planes, now secting at GREATLY REDUCED PRICES, at Opposite the Broadway Theater.

THE CHILDREN AND THEIR FALL HATS AND THE CHILDREN AND THEIR FALL HATS AND

CAPS.—BANTA has paid expecial attention to this department o
his business. He has introduced an immense variety of new
styles for Infants, Boys, and Misses, including more than twenty
novel designs. His stock of HATS and CAPS for Boys, his
nevel designs. His stock of HATS and CAPS for Boys, his
nevel designs. His stock of HATS and HATS and CAPS for
BEAVER FLATS for Girls, and his FANCY HATS and CAPS for
lifetis. Contain a greater diversity of situsce, materials and
refers than any other in this city, and a single visit from parents
of taste and discrimination win afford full confirms ion of this
fact. If you wish your children's heads decorated with a betoming HAT or CAP, call on

Carner of Cansl and Wooster sts.

FURS, FURS, FURS, well worthy the earliest tention of the Ladies. If you wish to obtain fashionable and sirable Free at moderate prices, go to Banta's store, corner Caval and Wooster sta., where you can make your selection

SUPERIOR TREES, &c .- WM. R. PRINCE & Co., Flushing, N. Y.—Descriptive Catalogues with reduced prices at Fowler and Wells, No. 308 Broadway. DYSENTERY.-RADWAY'S READY RELIEF has

ured the most severe at acks in fifteen minutes.

Ranway & Co., No. 162 Fulton-st., N. Y.

R. R. Remedies sold by Druggists and Merchants everywhere RICH CARPETING .- SMITH & LOUNSBERRY-

No. 406 Broadway, near Grandest., are now prepared to exhibit their FALL INFORTATIONS of ENGLISH and FRENCH CARPET-ING, comprising every description and grade, from the most Costly to the CHEAFEST FARKIC.

ENGLISH BRUSSELS, good styles and quality, 8/ per yard. HOLLOWAY'S PILLS are especially adapted for he cure of Dyspepsia, and Billions Complaints. It is a univer-ally admitted fact that they never fail to cure these disorders, wen after all other medicines have been tried in vain.

Wigs - HAIR-DYE - Wigs - BATCHELOR'S WIGS — HAIK-DYL — WIGS.—DATCHELLOR & WIGS and TOUPEES have improvements peculiar to their house. They are celebrated all over the world for their graceful beauty, ease and durability—string to a charm. The largest and best stock is the world. Twelve private rooms for applying his famous Dyr. Soldat BATCHELOR'S, No. 23 Broadway.

COPARTNERSHIP.-STEPHEN BRUSH has, THIS DAY, associated WALTER F. BRUSH, jr., with himself, under the firm of BRUSH & Co., for the purpose of continuing the PROVISION BUSINESS ON COMMISSION and on their own account No. 35 Front-st., in this city. New-York, Nov. 1, 1856

New-York Daily Tribune

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 13, 1856.

No notice can be taken of anonymous Communications. Whatever is intended for insertion must be authenticated by the name and address of the writer—not necessarily for publication, but as a generalty of his good faith.

We cannot undertake to return rejected Communications.

Subscribers, in sending us remittances, frequently omit to mention the name of the Post-Office, and very frequently the name of the State, to which their paper is to be sent. Always mention the name of the Post-Office and State. TO CORRESPONDENTS.

We will thank those who can give them for Statistics of any new Manufacture established or Process adopted in this country within the last twelve or fifteen years, with its results. We do not desire accounts of inventions or improvements which are just coming into use, but only of such as are in regular and profitable operation. Of such, whether they relate to Textile Fabrics, Metal-working, Paper-making, Pottery, Glass-ware, Mechanical Power, or some other department of the useful arts, we shall be glad to have concise and methodical information If a patent or patents are employed, let the fact be stated, with the cost of said patent or allowance and annual income to the patentce; also the year in which the patent will expire. State the value of the raw material annually consumed; also of the annual product; also the number of hands usually employed-We want to give a bird's-eye view of the Progress of Manufac tures in our day, and must be allowed to use at discretion the statistics which may be furnished us.

An unsuccessful effort was made vesterday at Bull's Head, to advance the price of beef cattle beyond a point equivalent to ten cents a pound for the beef in the quarters. The supply which some parties anticipated would be short, was not two hundred head less than the week before, and was amply sufficient for the very moderate demand. The city is overstocked with sheep and swine, and the retailers of fresh pork and mutton can, if they choose, furnish the people at prices much lower than have been current some months past. We print some useful information to the city as well as country, every Thursday morning, in our Cattle Market Report on the last page.

The estimated amount of money required by the Board of Education for the support of the present Public School system for the year 1857 is \$1,100, 410 82. The appropriation for the present year is nearly exhausted and the Board is in debt to the city \$125,000.

That the Post-Office, as now managed, is a gigan-

tic and pernicious monopoly, has long been the conviction of liberal thinkers and writers. The Government-we speak not of ours particularly, but of most governments-assumes the exclusive prerogative of diffusing intelligence, takes its own time, charges its own prices, and dispenses in its own favor with rules which it enforces as against all others. Let Fiddler Jack receive a pile of Uncle Sam's money to transport from one place to another, and he must fork over the last cent of it at the time and place appointed, or the law will never let him up. No excuses for delinquency will avail him-he must respond or suffer. But Uncle Sam was under no obligation to trust Fiddler Jack-he might have chosen any one else, and paid him as the parties should agree. But if Fiddler Jack wants to send his money by letter to his wife or mother, he must employ Uncle Sam to carry it, pay Uncle Sam's charge, and wait his time. If the letter gets lest, Sam tells Jack to whistle for it-he don't refund money that he has undertaken to carry and lost by the way, though he makes every one do it who undertakes to carry his money. We think the losses of THE TRIBUNE establishment alone by mail robbery average not less than \$1,000 per annum, and for the last year they have been considerably more than this sum. Our subscribers and agents are not at liberty to choose a different carrier for their letters-if they hire any one, it must be Uncle Sam: he exacts his pay in advance, and then delivers the letters or not, as it happens. He makes every other common carrier toe the mark and pay his losses or break; but he lets his own chosen agents steal his customers' money, and neither pays nor breaks, but goes on as if nothing had happened.

So much we could stand; but we can hardly bear a patronising tone from one who compels us to employ him as a carrier, and then fulfills his engagement or not, as may be convenient. There is great public advantage in having one Post-Office system; there is also great economy in it; but the Government takes pay from us or our subscribers for all it does for us, and should be as glad to receive our custom as we to accord it. It should not set a dog on its most extensive customer. Yet in The Albany Argus-an Administration printwe find an editorial on beginning the next campaign, from which we extract the following:

paign, from which we extract the following:

"But it is not to be denied that the Republicans show practical wisdom in the measures which they now urge for the elongation of their party. The ancients had a maxim that it was proper to learn even from an enemy, and Democrats may profitably aid to their stock of wisdom in one respect by looking at the course of their opponents. A leading reason of the success of the Republicans in the Northern States was their early and therefore invalidation of accounts and

course of their opponents. A leading reason of the success of the Republicans in the Northern States was their early and liberal circulation of newspapers and documents. In this respect, they began the campaign shead of us. They first gained possession of the field, and were thus able to held it during the contest.

"The best way for Democrate receiver the States which they have lest at the North is to increase the circulation of Democratic reaspapers. There can be no doubt that THE N. Y. WITKELY TRIBUSE, with its immerce circulation throughout the Northern and Western States (obtained in many cases on the idea that it was not a partia an paper) has done the Democratic cause great campage in the recent coatest. The smildets to this evil is the circulation of sound and efficient Democratic papers and our political friends should attend to this matter now, and thus sew the reced for the rext campaign.

"We have a word to say to Democratic Postmasters"

States troops.

in this connection. Thousands of them, all over the country, have in past years aided the circulation of THEN. Y. WEEKLY TRIBUSE, by cetting up clubs for it. There was some apology for this when that paper was not so violently partisan as at present. But Postmasters who longer do this, furnish aid and comfort to the eveny. Their influence as members of the Democratic party, and particularly as office-holders at its hands, should be exercised in favor of the circulation of Democratic newspapers. of Democratic newspapers.

"The Democratic party has certainly a right to expect that those holding office under it will not engage in the circulation of Republican papers and documents. Postmasters can readily, and with but little labor, largely increase the aggregate circulation of Demo-cratic rewspapers in the country, and we think that, under the teachings of the late campaign, they will feel disposed to attend to this political duty. We speak not in behalf of our paper merely, but for the whole Democratic press, and more especially for the Demo-cratic cause.

"We repeat, it is our duty to begin the next campaign now by the circulation of newspapers, by main-tailing and perfecting our organization, and by such other efforts as tend to secure Democratic ascendancy."

-Let us suppose that this were Adams's Express, or Harnden's, or any other private company engaged in the retail carrying-trade, that should thus admonish its agents to limit, so far as possible, the circulation of the journals of one party and increase that of the other-what would be thought of it? Wou'd not the whole country cry Shame? Yet where is the difference? The Postmasters are servants, not of the Democratic party, but of the American People. Their emoluments are drawn from the hard-earned savings of that People-of Republicans as well as Democrats-their commissions run in behalf of the whole and not of the Democratic portion only-and they are presumed, by the requirements of their position, to treat all with equal favor. Yet The Argus commands them to push the circulation of "Democratic" papers, to the prejudice of that of THE TRIBUNE!

It is false that THE TRIBUNE was ever other in political character than what it now is. Hostility to Slavery-Extension has ever been one of its cardinal principles. On that ground, it resisted with all its power the Annexation of Texas; on that ground, it deprecated territorial acquisitions from Mexico; on that ground, it has supported the principle of Slavery-Restriction in every form under which it has been presented-in the Wilmot Proviso, the resistance to the passage of the Nebraska bill, and the struggle against Border-Ruffian usurpation in Kansas. We stood by this principle when the chief Editor of the present Argus (then Atlas) displayed it for years at his mast-head as the "corner-stone" of his political faith; we shall stand by that principle long after several squads of future apostates shall have taken their thirty pieces and gone over to the camp of Savery. No man who ever read our prospectus before subscribing can honestly say that he was deceived in the political character of THE NEW-YORK TRIBUNE.

-As to Postmasters, we advise them to treat all journals with equal justice, and, if they undertake to send for newspapers, to procure such as the subscribers shall indicate as their unprompted choice. We ask no favor-we protest against injustice. And let the People resolve to take such journals as they like, regardless of post-office dictation. He must be a poor tool who will let any postmaster select for him.

Republican readers! it is plain that a concerted official consode against the circulation of journals of your faith is to be instituted. They are to be 'crusade out," if that be possible; if not, they are to be essentially crippled. Will you not resolve to counteract this most insidious abuse of power ! Will you not take care that your real and vigilance is a full offset for the official advantages enjoyed by our proscribers? And, when you raise a club, let it be addressed to some Republican merchant or mechanic near the Post-Office, and by him distributed to the subscribers respectively. Were that course generally pursued, we are confident that the number of complaints of Mail failures would be far less than at present.

From The Philadelphia North American, Nov. 12. IMPORTANT FROM ENGLAND .- Private letters, reecived in this city from the Hon. George M. Dallas, United States Minister to the Court of St. James, by his confidential friends, convey the importan intelligence that he has succeeded in negotiating a treaty between the United States and England, which covers and setthe United States and England, which covers and set-les all the points in dispute between the two countries. It has been the earnest desire of President Pierce and Secretary Marcy to accomplish this difficult task before retuing from effice, so that all possible troubles might be smoothed away for the incoming Administration. The instructions given to Mr. Dallas, when he entered upon his mission, have been zealously acted up to by him, and the result has been most happy, as above

-There is a concealed sting in the foregoing that the sharp-sighted will appreciate. Mr. Buchanan was for years our Embassador at the Brit sh Court, and was charged with the settlement of the questions in difference between the two Governments. For some reason or other, he did not settle them, but left the relations of the two countries in a disturbed and critical state. At length, he concluded to come home and look after his chances for the Presidency, and Messrs. Pierce and Marcy sent his chief Pennsylvania rival to succeed him at St. James's. For some reason or other, we suspect that there has been far greater harmony and confidence between Messrs. Marcy and Dallas than there was between Messrs. Marcy and Buchanan; and now, when Mr. Dallas has been but a few months in Europe, we see it announced that Mr. Dallas has already negotiated a treaty by which all the questions in difference between the two Governments have been happily settled! The allusion to "private letters" from Mr. Dallas is a blind and a humbug, which does injustice to Mr. Dallas's discretion as a Minister. He had no right to let such important information first reach the public through his "private letters," and he never did. The North American's information, we feel confident. came directly from the State Department as Washington.

Another Territory, we learn, is about to be or ganized by a portion of its inhabitants. On the 1st f September, an election was held at various points in the Gadsden Purchase for delegates to the Territorial Legislature of New-Mexice, and for a delegate to Congress. The latter, it is expected, will present to Congress a petition for the separation of the Gadsden Purchase from the northern part of New-Mexico, and the erection of an independent Territorial Government. To this poet, Mr. R. P. Cook was chosen. How much of New-Mexico they desire to have included within the new Territory, we are not informed; but the advocates of the separation say that the country is naturally divided, by the intervention of deserts and mountains, into two States or governmental jurisdictions. The Gadsden Purchase, or Arrizonia, as the residents sometimes style it, contains a total population of perhaps a thousand persons, of whom one-balf are Indians, and a third Mexicans of a very low class. The rest are Americans and Germans. The principal village is Tucson (Tooksone), which aspires to be the capital of the new State. There is a fort in the vicinity of the place, with a small garrison of United

THE LATEST NEWS. RECEIVED BY MAGNETIC TELEGRAPH.

PENNSYLVANIA.

HARRISBURG, Wednesday, Nov. 12, 1856. The official returns of the vote in fifty-five counties in Pennsylvania show for Buchanan, 213,514 votes; Fusion, 190,472, divided as follows: Fremont, 137,700, and Fillmore, 52,070; straight-out Fillmore, 25,540. The names of the nine counties to hear from are Clarion, Clearfield, Elk, Fulton, Jefferson, Luzerne, Mc-Kean, Pike and Warren.

> IOWA. DUBUQUE, Wednesday, Nov. 12, 1856.

The official returns from twenty-seven counties give a Republican gain of 1,300 upon the election of Au-WISCONSIN.

MILWAUKEE, Wednesday, Nov. 12, 1856.

The Fremont majority in this State, as far as heard

from, is 12,293. The remaining counties will make

it 14,000.

ALABAMA. WASHINGTON, Wednesday, Nov. 12, 1856. The Hon. Mr. Dowdell of Alabama writes that every county in the State except six, give Buchanan majorities. Fillmore's aggregate majority in those six does not exceed six hundred.

THE AMERICAN PARTY IN MASSACHUSETTS.

Boston, Wednesday, Nov. 12, 1856. The Fillmore American Conteil for Massachusetts met in this city yesterday afternoon. About fifty Delegates were in attendance. A series of resolutions were discussed and finally adopted, acknowledging the supremacy of the National American Organization, and declaring in favor of the purification of the ballot-box, and the prevention of any interference of Church hierarchies in politics; the protection of American men, American rights and American interests; an open Bible and Free Schools; a Registry law in every State: a modification of the Naturalization laws, and in fine, for the general principle that " Americans should rule America."

SUPPOSED LOSS OF THE STEAMER SUPE-RIOR, WITH ALL ON BOARD.

BUFFALO, Wednesday, Nov. 12, 1856. The propeller Manhattan arrived at Cleveland yesterday with advices to the 30th ult. from Superior City. The Captain says he has never known such a continacd series of terrible gales as he has encountered in this trip. The steamer Superior, bound up from Chicage with a full load of freight and passengers, left the canel on the 25th, since which time she has not been seen or heard of. It is supposed she has gone down with all on board. The schooner E. C. Roberts, which left Portage City of the 30th ult., and the steamer Lady Elgip, which left St. Mary's River for Chicago on the 3d inst , have not been heard of, and it is feared they are also lost.

There was thirteen inches of snow at Ontonagon on

REJECTION OF A KANSAS AID BILL IN THE VERMONT LEGISLATURE.
Boston, Wednesday, Nov. 12, 1856.
The Vermont Legislature have rejected the bill providing for the giving of \$20,000 of the State funds for the aid of the Free-State party in Kansas, by forty-two residents.

LOSS OF THE PROPELLER J. W. BR OKS.

LOSS OF THE PROPELLER J. W. BR OKS.
OSWEGO, Wednesday, Nov. 12, 1856.
The propeller Bay State, from Ogdeasburgh, reports passing a large quantity of wreek belonging to the property J. W. Brooks at the lower end of the lake. It is not yet known how many passengers she had on beard. We have obtained the following list of her officers: Capt. Charles Hammond of Cleveland, Ohio: S. P. Bryant, clerk, of the same place: Wm. Blanchard, first engineer, of Avon, Ohio. It is supposed that thirty have been lost in all.

The propeller City of Hamilton, with a cargo of fleur frem Hamilton to Ogdensburgh, sprung a leak in the late gale, and was rus on the Canada shore, where she sank.

The amount of wheat affect from Mallice.

she sank.

The amount of wheat adoat from Michigan for Oswego is 200,000 bushels.

THE GRAND TRUNK RAILROAD CELEBRA-

TION.

MONTBEAL, Wedresday, Nov. 12, 1856.

The Rairrad Celebration opened here to-day with a grand procession. In the afternoon a banquet was given, and in the evening there was a fine display of fire works land a torchlight procession. Everything the clast Delegations from Boston, Portland, and the Canadian cities were present. Sir Edmund Head, Geo. Peabody, Senator Wilson and others participated in this celebration.

DESTRUCTIVE FIRE AT GORHAM, ME.
Bostos, Wednesday, Nov. 12, 1856.
The Casco Manufacturing Co.'s mill, in Gorham,
Me., was burned on Monday. Loss \$70,000.

LAUNCH OF THE BRIG MORNING STAR. Boston, Wednesday, Nov. 12, 1856.

A brig of 150 tuns, called the Morning Star, was launched this noon from Chelsea. It was built by subscriptions from Sabbath Schools, and will be dedicated to missionary transportation.

FIRE AT CARROLTON, LA. FIRE AT CARROLTON, LA.

BALTIMORE, Wednesday, Nov. 12, 1856.

New-Orleans papers of Thursday last are to hand.

A fire occurred at Carrolton, opposite New-Orleans, on the night of the 4th inst., destroying property to the THE NORTH BRANCH CANAL.

The North Bicaneth Canal.

Townsna, Wednesday, Nov. 12, 1856.

The North Branch Canal to the State line is now open for business. Nine boats from Wyoming, with some bituminous coal, passed through to Elmira to-day.

THE ELECTIONS.

PENNSYLVANIA-FULL. The Philadelphia Bulletin has received full official returns from fifty-eight counties in this State, leaving mly six to be heard from, viz: Clarion, Elk, McKean, Pike, Warren and Wayne. The footings up, thus far,

are as follows:

Buchanan. 8 Counties, Official222,237		Union. 197,419	Straight Fillmore. 25,909	Opp. 221,529
6 Counties, Reported.	2,667	1,743		1,740
cKean	250	266		250
ikeVarren	600	850	****	874
Vayne	150			2555
Total		200,262	25,919	226,171 5,792
Buchanan less than	combine	d oppositie		207

There are considerable discrepancies, in some counties, between the Fremont and Fillmore Union votes and the total Union votes as returned. So far as we can ascertain, the Union vote is divided about as follows: Fremont, 142,000; Fillmore, 55,000. The entire vote of the State will exceed 460,000, which is 37,000 more than the entire vote at the October election.

DELAWARE-[OFFICIAL].
 Counties.
 Buchanan.
 Fill

 New Castle
 3,576
 3,576

 Kent
 2,003
 2,344

 Sussex
 2,344
 6.175

STEUBEN CO., N. Y.

Correspondence of The N. Y. Tribune.

Construe Wednesday, Nov. 12, 1856.

The official vote of Steaben County is as follows:
Fremont, 7,273, Buchanan, 3,236; Fillmore, 2,633,
W. H. Kelsey's majority for Congress in this district is THE VERY LATEST FROM ILLINOIS.

A telegraphic dispatch received at the Tremont House yesterday afternoon at 31 o'clock, from Springfield, states that Col. Bissell is 9,000 votes ahead of Richardson, and nearly all the counties heard from.

of Fremont; and also that the House will stand 37 Democrats, 29 Republicans, 5 Fillinoreites, and that the Democrats have one majority in the Senate. [Chicago Tribone, 17th.

THE PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS.

The following persons have been chosen by the people and will meet at the Capitols of their several States, on the first Wednesday in December, to vote directly for President and Vice-President. The record of their votes will be transmitted to Washington by special messengers, and opened and declared on the second Wednesday in February. There is no law requiring these Electors to vote for any particular candidates, and if they should choose to elect a person not even spoken of, he would be lawfully President elect of the United States:

Maine—(Fremont.)
At Large.
Noah Smith, jr.,
Sidney Perham.
Districts. SOUTH CAROLINA-(Buchapan J. L. Manning, F. W. Pickens. John A. Inglis,
John A. Inglis,
John L. Nowell,
S. W. A. Owens,
M. B. T. Watts,
J. T. J. Plekens,
James Cosant, jr.
DeLaware - (Bucham
At Large,
George C. Gordon,
Henry Ridgely,
District,
Charles Wright,
Georgia- Buchanan
At Large, Districts.

1. Knott Crockett.

2. Moses H. Pike,

3. James Morton,

4. Edward Swan,

5. Aaron P. Emerson,

6. Issae Gross.

New Hampshire—(Fremont.)

At Large.

Vm. H. H. Bailey,

T. D. Whitten.

Districts.

1. Daniel Clark.

2. Thos M. Edwards,

3. John H. White.

VERMONT—(Fremont.)

At Large. S. John H. White.

VERMONT—(Fremont.)

At Large.

Wm. C. Bradley.

L. Britherd.

Districts.

1. Geo. W. Strong.

2. Portus Baxler,

3. John Porter.

MASSACHUSETTS—(Fremont. At Large.

Julius A. Rockwell,

Thomas Colt.

Districts.

1. John Virson,

2. A. B. Wheeler,

3. Geo. R. Ressell,

4. George Odiorne,

5. Lucius B. Marsh,

6. Geo. H. Devereux,

7. James M. Usher,

8. John Nesmith,

9. J. S. C. Knowlton,

10. Clastles Forbes,

11. Franklin Ripley,

Riods Istand—(Fremont.)

1. Charles Wright.
GEORGIA—(Bachana.)
At Large.
W. H. Stiles,
I. L. Harris.
Districts.
1. T. M. Forman,
2. Samuel Hall,
3. J. N. Ramsay,
4. L. J. Gartred,
5. John W. Lewis,
6. J. P. Simmons,
7. T. P. Saffold,
3. T. W. Thomas,
FLORIDA—(Buchanan.)
At Large.
Philip Dell.
M. A. Long.
District.
I. Wm. D. Barnes.
Mississippi—(Buchanan.)
At Large.
C. S. Tarpley,
Jos. W. Matthews.
Districts.
1. J. F. Cushman,
2. James Theian,
5. Bev. Matthews.
4. W. M. Estelle,
5. H. T. Ellett.
LOUISIANA—(Buchanan.)
At Large.
J. C. Villere,
W. A. Elmere.
Districts.
1. T. Lasday,
3. J. O. Moore,
4. H. Gray,
3. T. O. Moore,
4. H. Gray,
T. Xas—(Buchanan.)

RHODE ISLAND—(Fremont At Large.

E. W. Lawton, Isaac Sannders.
District.

1. Wm. P. Bullock,
2. Wm. D. Brayton.
CONNECTICLY—(Fremont.
At Large.
Heory Dutton,
Julius Callin.
Districts.

1. Thomas Clark,
2. Elilus Spencer.
3. W. A. Buckinsham,
4. Samuel W. Gold.
New York—(Fremont.)
4. Large.
J. S. Wadsworth,
Moscs H. Grinnell.
Districts.

4. H. Gray.

Texas—(Buchanan.)

At Large.
F. W. Bowdon,
W. R. Scurry.
Districts.
1. A. J. Hond.
2. A. J. Hamilton.

Arkansas—(Buchanan.)

At Large.
S. H. Hempstead,
N. B. Buchov.
Districts.
1. John McCoy.
2. J. J. Green.

Tennesses—(Buchanan.)

At Large.
William H. Polk,
Isham G. Harris.
Dustricts.
1. Samuel Powell,
2. Jas. W. McHenry.
3. D. M. Key.
4. E. L. Gardenhire.
5. E. A. Keeble,
6. Jas. H. Thomas,
7. Thomas J. Brown,
8. J. G. Poindexter,
9. J. D. C. Avkins,
10. D. M. Currin.

Kenyucky—(Buchanan.)

At Large.

Elijah Hise.
J. W. Stephenson.
Districts.
1. R. D. Gholson.
6. Geo. W. Williams,
1. John A. Finn,
4. Timoleon Cravens,
5. Bertah Magoffin,
6. B. F. Rice,
7. Wm. D. Reed, Districts.
M. Tompkins.
Amos B. Stantos
James Kennedy
Herman Rastor,
Dar iel L. Pettee John S Belcher,
D. D. Conover,
Thomas Carnley,
Jared V. Peck,
John P. Jones,
Erastus Cooke,
Robt. A. Barnard
J. G. McMurray,
H. H. Van Dyck,
Lohn C. Hurtburg

14. H. H. Van Dyck,
15. John C. Hurlburi
16. J. B. Kingsland,
17. Smith Stillwell,
18. Daniel Cady,
19. R. S. Hughston,
20. James S Lyuch,
21. Wm. S. Savre,
22. Daniel H. Marsh,
23. A. Davenport,
24. Le Roy Morgan,
25. E. Raunham. Le Burnham,
M. H. Lawrence,
J. B. Williams,
Isaac L. Andress,
Freeman Clarke,
William Keep,
Rufas Wheeler,
Delos E. Sill,
M. Large,
Large,
Edwin A. Stevens,
George F. Fort,
Detricts. Wm. D. Reed, R. W. Woolley R. H. Stanton, Hiram Kelsey. Onto—(Fremo: At Large: Caleb B. Smith Jacob Perkins.

Joseph Kille, Henry S. Little David Van Vliet 4. Henry A. Ford, 5. Alvan Hedsen. PENNSYLVANIA—(Buchanan

Calob B. Smith
Jacob Perkina.

Districts.

1. John B. Stallo,
2. R. M. Corwine,
3. Peter Odlin,
4. Jacob S. Conklin,
5. Wm. Taylor,
6. E. P. Evana,
7. Wm. H. P. Denny,
8. J. R. Hubbeli,
9. R. G. Pennington,
10. F. Cleveiand,
11. John Welch,
12. Danie Humphrey,
13. Henry D. Cooke,
14. Engene Pardee,
15. John M. Hodge,
16. Davis Green,
17. M. Pennington,
18. John S. Herrick,
19. Aaron Wilcox,
20. James Domars,
21. Amos E. Buss.
Michigas—Frenno
At Large. Wilson McCannics,
Districts.
Geo. W. Nebinger.
E. Pierce Burler,
E. Edward Wartmen,
E. Edward Wartmen,
E. John McNair,
John H. Brinton,
T. David Laury,
E. Charles Kisaler,
J. James Patterson, James Patterson, Issue Slenker, Francis W. Hughes,

21. Amos E. Buss.
Michigas — Fremont
At Large.
F. C. Beaman,
H. Chamberlain.
Districts.
1. C. H. Millen,
2. Oliver Johnson,
3. Wm. H. Withey,
4. Thomas J. Drake.
INDIANS.—(Buchanan.
At Large.
Graham N. Fitch,
Samuel H. Buskirk.
Districts.
1. W. F. Parrott,
2. S. K. Wolf,
3. S. W. Short,
4. D. Jones,
5. Edmund Johnson, 14. Reuben Wilber.
15. G. A. Cawford.
16. James Black.
17. Henry J. Stable.
18. John D. Roody.
19. Jacob Turney.
20. J. A. J. Buchanan.
21. William Wilkins,
22. J. G. Campbell.
23. T. Cuntingham.
24. John Keetley.
25. Vinceus Phelbs.
MaxyLand—(#illmo.

3...S. W. Short,
4. D. Jones,
5. Edmund Johnson,
6. Martin M. Ray,
7. James M. Hanna,
8...J. S. McCleoland,
9.. Orpheus Everts,
10...F. P. Randail,
11...S. S. Mickle,
1LLivors—(Buchanan.)
At Large
A. M. Herrington,
Casrles H. Constable,
Districts.

25., Vinceas Frieba.

Maryland—(Rillmore.)

At Large.

J. Dixon Roman,
James Wallace.

Districts.

1. R. Goldsboroush,
2. Edwin H. Webster,
3. C. L. L. Leary,
4. Thomas Swann,
5. Frederick A. Schley,
6. Aug. R. Sollers,
Virginita—(Buchstan.)

At Large.

E. W. Massenberg,
T. H. Campbell.

1. Alt. Dillard,
2. James Garland,
3. John Goode, jr.,
4. Alex Jones,
5. W. B. Tallaferro,
6. R. L. Montague,
7. James Barbour,
8. J. R. Tucker,
9. John T Harris,
19. A. G. Pendleton,
11. John B. Floyd,
12. Semuel L. Hays,
13. S. Ciemens.
ALABAMA—(Buchstan.)

At Large.

William L. Yancey,
Le Roy P. Walker.

Districts.
1. Alex. B. Meck,
2. James L. Pogh,
3. J. Washford,
4. John G. Barr,
J. J. B. Meck,
3. J. Washford,
4. John G. Barr,
4. John G. Barr,
J. John D. Rather,
5. John D. Rather, Charles H. Constable.

Districts.

1. Merritt L Joslyn;

2. Hugh Maher,

3. Milion T. Peters,

4. Robert Holloway,

5. John P. Richmond,

6. S. W. Moulton,

7. O B. Ficklin,

2. W. A. J. Sparks,

9. John A. Logan,

Wisconsin-(Fremont.)

At Large

E. D. Holton,

J. H. Knowtton,

Districts.

1. Greeor Menzel,

2. W. D. McIndoe,

3. Bible Williams.

Bible Williams.

Iowa—(Fremont.)

At Large.

D. F. Miller,
Samuel Russell. Samuel Russell.
Districts.
1. W. M. Slone.
2. Henry O'Couner.
Missoust - (Buchanan.)
At Large.
J. B. Henderson.
J. F. Benjamin.
Districts.
1. Wm. Y. Slack.
2. James N. Burnes.
3. J. W. Torbet,
4. John T. Coffee,
5. James H. Reife,
6. W. D. McCracken,
7. Lyttleton Cook.
1. beard from At Large.

At Large.

At Large.

At Large.

Henry M. Shaw,
Samtel P. Hill.

Districts.

Wm. F. Martin,

Wm. J. Blow,

M. B. Smith,
Gaston H. Wilder.

S. E. Wil iama,

Thos. Settle, jr.,

R. P. Warring.

W. W. Avery.

[California—Not

POLITICS IN PENNSYLVANIA.

Correspondence of The N. Y. Tribune. PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 11, 1856.

Our harmonious Democratic brethren are very subdued in their rejoicings about these days. The leaders forbear to exult, and they tolerate us heretics, even, as if we were better than some of the faithful. 'Tis astonishing what a mollifying effect a good score exercises on the political constitution. Superadded to these tokens, too, is another quite as worthy of note. They tell us not in whispers, but with strong lungs, that unless the South stops its clamor and frantic exhibitions, they will stop the supply of Democratic thews and sinews on election day. There must be no more "Brooks affairs," and no repetition of these late exactions, See how penitent of a sudden these rogues have become. The next move will be to oust us original Free-Soilers and claim the paternity of Nen-Extension on the score of Jefferson's ordinance. They can do anything, swear anything, and swallow The dispatch also states that Buchauan is 3,000 ahead anything. Such India rubber principles dely all

the patent rights of Day and Goodyear combined. We are to have a very nice time about the opening of the New Year at Starrisburg-that capital of capitals. A Senatorial struggle is to come off for Bredhead's place. He, poor fellow, with a seem. ing admonition of fate, has been seen of late walking with his head under his arm. It is melancholy to contemplate fallen greatness, and it is sad to see Brodhaed so mournful in this hour of triumph, He helped to save the Union to the tune of 3,000 me jority in Northampton, and therefore should rerd in delicious anticipation of a patriot's reward. Bathe is really gloomy and unrousable. The blues have possessed him since the returns came in. He sees old hatreds revived and ancient hostilities restored, now that his faction is down, with the heel of an Old Buck on its neck, after so many years of contest.

There will be a beautiful sprinkling of candidates

for the vacancy. Brodhead is almost out of the ring, but he hopes, for it is his nature. There be-ing but three Democratic majority on joint ballot, ing but three Democratic majority on joint ballot, he relies on the distractions among superior com-petitors, and the luck which always has attended petitors, and the luck which always has attended medicerity and inferiority in Pennsylvania. Forney is up for the prize, but does not grow in strength even after all his toils of body and conscience. There is another and better prize, however, to which his eyes will turn when this is lost, as it will be. Buckalew, and Black, and Foster, and almost everybody of high and low degree, aspires. They say if Bigler has the material for a Senator, arybody else is not sufficiently God-forsaken to be without it. John Robbins, who formerly represented one of our Faubourgs in Congress, has the fourteen votes of the consolidated gress, has the fourteen votes of the consolidated city in his wallet, thus starting with more numerical capital than any other competitor. Though small he is shrewd, and will give the self-satisfied big bugs a pretty hard turn round the course. Old Buck's nephew, young Welch, who was with him in London, is in the State Senate, and his proclivities will be keenly watched, as a reflection of the wishes of Wheatland. Mark me, there will be some music before this farce is played out. Meantime, Old Buck says, "Mum's the word." It is even doubted if he knows such a word." It is even doubted if he knows such a thing as a Senatorial election is to happen this century. He heard of such a thing long ago, but thought that sort of representation had been abandoned. They will enlighten him one of these days. In fact, the reality begins to get through his hair already, especially since he has been studying six peges of The Tribune for daily edification and comfort.

There is already some speculation as to the policy to be pursued toward Dailas and Company, who have been indulging themselves with foreign fashions and airs during the present dynasty. Buchana and Dallas despise each other cordially, as gentlemen of the old school only know how to do. They have been adversaries, the Lord knows how long—Methuselsh only can tell. Could you spiritualize that into a revelation on this score, it would delight our graybeards. As they have progressed in years, so have they in hate. But this very fact—se well known in all polished circles—renders the delicacy of Old Buck's position the more vexations. He can't dismiss an acknowledged enemy with grace, whatever he might do to a friend, with whom liberties could be taken. The silk-stocking Democrats contend that if Mr. Dallas has the instincts of a gentleman he will at once relieve the incoming President from such a perplexity. But they forget that he and his fob (twenty odd thousand a year) flourish among their "old kindred" (British Deministration of the content occuts, of course), and dine with My Lord Duke day in and day out. There are no such pickings hereabout, and Dallas is not the man to turn his back or his pocket on this description of titbittery.

No. Sir-ee You may not have noticed that Master Mason's health has suddenly and happily revived at Paris, and that he is altogether absorbed in diplomatic cares and concerns. There was a fitness in his recovery, which will greatly rejoice a galaxy of patriotic expectants in the Old Dommion. No Virginia and the transfer of th ginian can be turned out. Even sacriligious hands would not profane that official sanctity. Thus two missions are in a bad way for those on the anxious beach. The Jew broker, Belmont, is coming home voluntarily, having made a pretty good thing of his relantarity, having made a pretty good thing of his mission, notwithstanding a vulgar and costly display of living. Dodge, at Madrid, has the tenacity for place that a hungry builded has for flesh. We will see who will decapitate him. The others mostly are all good Democrats, with the brand of original sin on their brows. So there is a hard time ahead in the distibution of these coveted

It is said that a condition of ex-Gov. Porter's reconciliation to his life-long enemy at Cineinnati was the Collectorship of 'his port. And we know the old boy has been hobnobbing at Wheatland since the election—perhaps looking after the drift-wood. At all events, Charley Brown is to walk plank. So much is certain though he may hold on for a while until the new concern gets started, so as not to clog the launching. Charley is hugely hated in the Sanhedrim, and pretty much detested out of it. His arrogance the Unterrified say, is beyond human endurance. They won't stand it.

Poor Miller, the Postmaster, attached his for-

tunes to the car of that illust ious New-England patriot, Franklin Pierce, and only backed water when his candidate fell down precisely to three and a half votes—the half man being probably one of Benton's political eunuchs who figured on that memorable occasion. The Bucaneers have memorable occasion. The Buchaneers have marked him ever since in the official black-book, and bright and early on the morning of the 5th of March he will get leave of absence. All the officeholding patriots are converted to the doctrine that moderation is the true policy of Mr. Buchanan's administration, and this constant scramble for place is discreditable to our institutions. They are for stability, purity, and for keeping things as they are. Good for them!

A REPUBLICAN.

MR. SUMBER DECLINES RE-ELECTION.-We have a private dispatch from Boston, saying that the Hon. Charles Sumner, Senator in Congress from Massachusetts, declines a reflection, and that the Hon. Anson Burlingame will be chosen to fill his place. We hope that Mr. Sumner will reconsider his determination, and give the Senate the benefit of his talent and patriotism give the Senate the beneated.

in this dark bour of our country's history.

[Chicago Tribune.

The Eighth Ward Republican Association held an enthusiastic meeting at its headquarters, corner of Broome and Mercer streets, last evening. Wm. H. Armstrong, esq., presiding. After a few remarks from H. M. Smith, Horace Greeley addressed the meeting. His remarks were upon the result of the causes of the election. He encouraged and advised the Republicans to keep up their organization, and continue their activity in the dissemination of Republican principles.

EXTENSION OF TELEGRAPH LINES TO WORGESTER. Boston and New-Bedrond.-We understand that the American Telegraph Company of this city, will shortly add to their already extensive range of lines throughout the New-England States and the British. Provinces, a new and much needed line from Spring-field to Boston, via the Western and Worcoster Railroads. This line will add much to the convenience of f the press and the public between New-York and Be :ton. We also learn that a new and superior line b.as been opened between Boston and New-Bodford, and connecting with the American Telegraph Comps.ny's lines in this city, from No. 21 Wall street.

NEW-ENGLAND SOCIETY LECTURES .- A Lecture was delivered last evening in Clinton Hall, before the New-England Society, on England, New and Old, by the Hon. Geo. P. March of Burlington, Vt. It was the first of a series of six to be delivered before the New-England Society for the benefit of its memi sers and its fund. About a hundred and seventy-fiv's people were present.

We understand that a private telegraph dispatch received here from New-Orleans states chat the Gustemalaza and San Salvadorana bave aned for peace to